



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2013



TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
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HENRY & HORNE, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Council
Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in its financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Highway Users Revenue Fund and Grants Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona solely for the authorized transportation purposes. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* that could have a material impact on the financial statements. For Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona, GASB Statement No. 62 and 65 have not impacted their financial statements however GASB Statements No. 63 has impacted what was previously identified as "Statement of Net Assets" and renamed it "Statement of Net Position." Our opinion is not modified with respect to those matters.

Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2013, on our consideration of the Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Henry + Horne LLP

Casa Grande, Arizona
October 11, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

As management of the Town of Dewey-Humboldt (Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the period ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements and the notes thereto.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's basic finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Net position is categorized as invested in capital assets less related debt, restricted by a third party, and unrestricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences.)

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the Town's finances in a manner similar to those used by private businesses. All of the activities of the Town, except those of a fiduciary nature, are included in these statements. At this time, the Town does not have business-type activities so all of the activities presented represent Governmental activities.

Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. The governmental activities of the Town include general government (administration), public works, highway and streets, public safety, building safety, planning and zoning, library services, and magistrate court activities.

The Town does not have *business-type activities* at this time. Examples of business-type activities would include water, wastewater and solid waste utilities primarily supported through user charges or fees.

Fund Financial Statements

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) provide the following authoritative definition of a fund:

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

There are three broad classifications of fund types: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. *Governmental* funds typically are used to account for tax-supported (governmental) activities. *Proprietary* funds are used to account for a government's business-type activities (activities supported, at least in part, by fees or charges). *Fiduciary* funds are used to account for resources that are held by the government as a trustee or agent for parties outside the government and that cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

The Town does not have business-type activities nor does the Town serve as a trustee or agent for parties outside the government, therefore, all of the funds currently used by the Town are *governmental* funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains three individual governmental funds organized according to their type: the General Fund, and two special revenue funds: Highway Users Revenue Fund and the Grants Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's budget process.

The Town adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund, the Highway Users Revenue Fund and the Grants Fund as required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following tables; the Condensed Statement of Net Position and the Changes in Net Position are provided to illustrate how the Town performed financially for the year ended June 30, 2013 with comparative information for the previous year.

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The assets of the Town exceeded liabilities by \$8,413,687 at the close of fiscal year 2013.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2013	2012
Current and other assets	\$ 3,453,924	\$ 3,271,685
Capital assets	5,154,922	4,821,738
	<u>8,608,846</u>	<u>8,093,423</u>
Total assets		
Other liabilities	195,159	175,706
	<u>195,159</u>	<u>175,706</u>
Total liabilities		
Net position		
Invested in capital assets	5,154,922	4,821,738
Restricted	397,945	385,657
Unrestricted	2,860,820	2,710,322
	<u>8,413,687</u>	<u>7,917,718</u>
Total net position		

The Net Position consists of three components; invested in capital assets net of related debt and net of accumulated depreciation (e.g. roads, right of way, and equipment) restricted and unrestricted. Restricted represents resources that may be subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and unrestricted net position are assets that may be used to meet the town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

The capital assets were depreciated by \$275,045.

Changes in Net Position

The following table compares the revenue and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year.

	2013	2012
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 85,744	\$ 84,194
Operating grants and contributions	274,072	397,326
Capital grants and contributions	462,696	-
General revenues		
Sales/franchise taxes	391,384	408,071
Shared revenues	919,634	832,983
Other	4,024	72,427
Total revenues	2,137,554	1,795,001
Program expenses		
Town council and management	112,493	91,332
Town clerk	133,691	117,647
Finance/human resources	105,678	87,347
Legal	39,012	41,363
Information technology	33,185	21,335
Magistrate court	78,680	76,392
Public Safety	368,185	361,564
Engineering	68,267	10,175
Public Works	444,438	505,163
Parks and recreation	1,494	-
Library	36,143	-
Community Development	132,856	343,190
Capital outlay	87,463	4,716
Total expenses	1,641,585	1,660,224
Increase in net position	495,969	134,777
Net position - beginning of year	7,917,718	7,782,940
Net position - end of year	\$ 8,413,687	\$ 7,917,718

Total revenues increased by \$342,553 with the majority of the increase being attributable to an increase in capital grants, and intergovernmental revenue categories. Total expenses decreased by \$18,640 under the previous year.

The Town local sales and franchise taxes increased by \$69,964 over the previous fiscal year.

Engineering expenditures increased by \$58,092 from the previous year and Public Works expenditures decreased by \$60,725 under the previous year. The Town filled vacancies beginning December 2012 for Receptionist, Town Manager, Accountant, Administrative Assistant, full-time Community Development Coordinator and Full Time Public Works Operator.

The Net Position of the Town at the end of year increased \$495,969 overall.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, assigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the Town as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,272,615. Total fund balance constitutes reserved and unreserved fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town and accounts for nearly all of the major functions of the government, including public safety, community development, and general administrative services. The General Fund revenues were increased compared to prior fiscal year coming in \$4,870 higher. In addition, the Town's State LGIP 500 investment suffered a significant decrease in value at the end of the fiscal year resulting in loss of interest earned. The town will closely monitor this investment in the coming months. It is noted that the town received significant return since its inception. At the end of the current period, the general fund reported an unreserved fund balance of \$2,874,670. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 233% of total fund expenditures.

Fund balance of the Town's general fund increased \$167,478 during the current period.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A city or town budget should be more than a simple accounting mechanism. It is actually a statement outlining priorities for expenditure, needs of the citizens, proposed capital improvements, problem areas within the municipality, programs which will be initiated or abandoned and most importantly, the basic level of public services which the citizens will receive from their government.

Schedules showing the budget amounts compared to the Town's actual financial activity for the General and Highway Users Revenue Funds are provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - As of June 30, 2013, the Town had invested \$7,230,866 in capital assets, which consisted solely of the Town's investment in Town-owned vehicles, maintained roads and current year CDBG projects for Placer/Wells street and sidewalk improvement projects. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$2,075,944, bringing the net investment in capital assets to \$5,154,922. Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Administration - As of June 30, 2013, the Town had no long-term debt outstanding and lacked the legal capacity to issue most common forms of long-term debt obligations. Arizona state statutes require the Town to obtain the approval of the voters prior to issuing most forms of general obligation and revenue type bonds. To date, the Town has not yet had to seek the approval of the voters to issue debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget - Town management considered the following factors in developing the Fiscal 2013 – 2014 budget:

- Steady revenue stream with a slight increase in sales taxes
- Stabilized staffing situation with the addition of one full-time Public Works Operator

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Town Administration, Town of Dewey-Humboldt, 2735 South Highway 69, P.O. Box 69, Humboldt, AZ 86329.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2013

	<u>Primary Government</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,320,040
Receivables (net of no allowance for uncollectibles)	133,884
Capital assets	
Land/rights-of-way	2,942,961
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	<u>2,211,961</u>
 Total assets	 <u>8,608,846</u>
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	172,423
Accrued liabilities	8,886
Compensated absences	<u>13,850</u>
 Total liabilities	 <u>195,159</u>
 NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets	5,154,922
Restricted	
Impact fees	31,439
Special revenues	343,414
Court	23,092
Unrestricted	<u>2,860,820</u>
 Total net position	 <u>\$ 8,413,687</u>

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2013

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>		
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>
Primary government				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 431,891	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	446,865	37,027	-	-
Engineering/public works	593,830	-	274,072	-
Community development	168,999	48,717	-	462,696
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,641,585</u>	<u>\$ 85,744</u>	<u>\$ 274,072</u>	<u>\$ 462,696</u>

General revenues
Town sales taxes
Franchise taxes
Shared revenues-unrestricted:
 State sales taxes
 Urban revenue sharing
 Auto-in-lieu
Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position-beginning

Net position-ending

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net Assets

Total
Governmental
Activities

\$ (431,891)
(409,838)
(319,758)
342,414
(819,073)

380,397
10,987

318,731
397,764
203,139
4,024

1,315,042

495,969

7,917,718

\$ 8,413,687

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
BALANCE SHEET
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2013

ASSETS	General	Highway Users Revenue Fund	Grants Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,758,791	\$ 561,249	\$ -	\$ 3,320,040
Receivables	107,989	25,895	-	133,884
Due from other funds	62,174	-	-	62,174
Total assets	\$ 2,928,954	\$ 587,144	\$ -	\$ 3,516,098
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 20,400	\$ 152,023	\$ -	\$ 172,423
Accrued payroll	8,886	-	-	8,886
Due to other funds	-	62,174	-	62,174
Total liabilities	29,286	214,197	-	243,483
Fund balances				
Restricted for impact fees	1,906	29,533	-	31,439
Restricted for court	23,092	-	-	23,092
Restricted for streets	-	343,414	-	343,414
Unassigned	2,874,670	-	-	2,874,670
Total fund balances	2,899,668	372,947	-	3,272,615
 Total liabilities and fund balances	 \$ 2,928,954	 \$ 587,144	 \$ -	 \$ 3,516,098

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 June 30, 2013

Fund balance - total governmental funds balance sheet \$ 3,272,615

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets	7,230,866	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,075,944)</u>	5,154,922

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Compensated absences	<u>(13,850)</u>
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Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position \$ 8,413,687

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2013

REVENUES	General	Highway Users Revenue Fund	Grants Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Local taxes	\$ 391,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 391,384
Permits and fees	48,717	4,207	-	52,924
Intergovernmental revenues	919,634	269,865	462,696	1,652,195
Fines, forfeitures, penalties	37,027	-	-	37,027
Miscellaneous	3,118	906	-	4,024
Total revenues	1,399,880	274,978	462,696	2,137,554
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government				
Town Council and management				
Town Council and management	112,492	-	-	112,492
Town Clerk	133,691	-	-	133,691
Finance/human resources	105,678	-	-	105,678
Legal	39,012	-	-	39,012
Information technology	33,185	-	-	33,185
Magistrate court	78,680	-	-	78,680
Public safety	368,185	-	-	368,185
Engineering	67,567	700	-	68,267
Public works	123,419	40,540	-	163,959
Parks and recreation	1,494	-	-	1,494
Library	36,143	-	-	36,143
Community development	132,856	-	-	132,856
Capital outlay	-	232,997	462,696	695,693
Total expenditures	1,232,402	274,237	462,696	1,969,335
Excess of revenues over expenditures	167,478	741	-	168,219
Fund balances - beginning of year	2,732,190	372,206	-	3,104,396
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 2,899,668	\$ 372,947	\$ -	\$ 3,272,615

See accompanying notes.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
 EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL
 FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 168,219

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement
 of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.
 However, in the statement of activities the cost of those
 assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and
 reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay expenditures capitalized	608,229
Depreciation expense	(275,045)

Some expenses reported in the statement of
 activities do not require the use of current financial
 resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures
 in governmental funds.

Compensated absences	(5,434)
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Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 495,969
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TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2013

REVENUES	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Local taxes	\$ 360,000	\$ 360,000	\$ 391,384	\$ 31,384
Permits and fees	40,000	40,000	48,717	8,717
Intergovernmental revenues	906,000	906,000	919,634	13,634
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	21,000	21,000	37,027	16,027
Miscellaneous	43,000	43,000	3,118	(39,882)
Total revenues	1,370,000	1,370,000	1,399,880	29,880
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government				
Town Council and management	499,560	125,128	112,492	12,636
Town Clerk	149,133	657,785	133,691	524,094
Finance/human resources	249,549	115,329	105,678	9,651
Legal	47,000	47,000	39,012	7,988
Information technology	41,800	41,800	33,185	8,615
Magistrate court	83,950	83,950	78,680	5,270
Public safety	370,311	370,311	368,185	2,126
Engineering	67,774	67,774	67,567	207
Public works	147,132	147,132	123,419	23,713
Parks and recreation	500	500	1,494	(994)
Library	36,141	36,141	36,143	(2)
Community development	177,307	177,307	132,856	44,451
Capital outlay	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Total expenditures	1,872,157	1,872,157	1,232,402	639,755
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(502,157)	(502,157)	167,478	669,635
Fund balance-beginning of year	502,157	502,157	2,732,190	2,230,033
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,899,668	\$ 2,899,668

See accompanying notes.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
HIGHWAY USERS REVENUE FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2013

REVENUES	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Impact fees	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 4,207	\$ 2,707
Intergovernmental revenues				
Highway urban revenues	260,000	260,000	269,865	9,865
Interest revenues	500	500	906	406
Total revenues	262,000	262,000	274,978	12,978
EXPENDITURES				
Public works-engineering	2,000	2,000	700	1,300
Public works	59,000	59,000	40,540	18,460
Capital outlay	271,000	271,000	232,997	38,003
Total expenditures	332,000	332,000	274,237	57,763
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(70,000)	(70,000)	741	70,741
Fund balance - beginning of year	70,000	70,000	372,206	302,206
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 372,947	\$ 372,947

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
 GRANTS REVENUE FUND
 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 1,896,646	\$ 1,896,646	\$ 462,696	\$ (1,433,950)
Total revenues	1,896,646	1,896,646	462,696	(1,433,950)
EXPENDITURES				
Community development	1,896,646	1,896,646	462,696	1,433,950
Total expenditures	1,896,646	1,896,646	462,696	1,433,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	-	-
Fund balance-beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and procedures of the Town conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Dewey-Humboldt (the 'Town') was incorporated on December 20, 2004. The government of the Town is organized under the authority of Title 9 of the Arizona State Statutes and is operated under a Common Council – Manager form of government. The Town is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member council.

The basic financial statements of the Town include the funds of all organizational entities for which the Town Council has oversight responsibility or financial accountability and are consequently determined to be included in the Town's financial reporting entity in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting Standards Codification. The Town provides basic government services to its citizens including roads, land use regulations, library and public safety services. As of June 30, 2013, the Town had no blended or discretely presented component units, nor was the Town a component unit of any other reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the Town as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these financial statements. These financial statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Town has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state shared revenues, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, the exception is any interfund activity between governmental and business type activities, such as transfers.

Fund Financial Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. The Town has no nonmajor funds for June 30, 2013.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Highway Users Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for the maintenance and operations of the Town's street system. The fund's major funding source is state shared revenue derived from the sales taxes on gasoline sales and other transportation fees and charges.

Grants Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for grants.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The Town Council formally adopts an annual budget for all operating funds. The Town's internal policy is that expenditures may not exceed budget by department level. Upon written request from the Town Manager, the Council has the authority to transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one department or fund to another.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the Town upon demand. Cash equivalents are defined as short-term (original maturities of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are 1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and 2) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

F. Investments

The Town reports all investments at fair value in the statement of net position.

G. Restricted Cash

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Estimated useful lives for capital assets were determined based upon lives commonly used by other Arizona governmental agencies and various industry standards. Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	20
Vehicles and machinery	5-10

I. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund Balances

As a result of GASB Accounting Standards Codification, the Town has redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the Town Charter, Town Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Assigned – Amounts that are designated by the Town Manager for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by Town Council.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The Town would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

J. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

In December 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. GASBS No. 62 incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Town adopted GASBS No. 62 in fiscal year 2013. The adoption of GASBS No. 62 does not have any impact on the Town's financial statements.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. GASBS No. 63 provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. The statement of net assets is renamed the statement of net position and includes the following elements: assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Town adopted GASBS No. 63 in fiscal year 2013. The adoption of GASBS No. 63 has impacted the presentation of the Town's financial statements.

In March 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. GASBS No. 65 provides reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities, and other related disclosures. In addition, the reporting of such items should be limited to those instances identified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Statement No. 65 also changes the determination of the major fund calculations and limits the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentation. Although the provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012, the Town elected to early implement it in fiscal year 2013. The adoption of GASBS No. 65 has not impacted the presentation of the Town's financial statements.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, an entity will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits totaled \$42,424 and the bank balance was \$66,883. Federal Depository Insurance fully covered the Town's deposits at June 30, 2013.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2013

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

State statutes generally authorize the Town to invest in: savings accounts or certificates of deposit in federally insured banks or savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations of the State of Arizona or its political subdivisions, repurchase agreements, and the State of Arizona's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). All of the Town's investments were held by the Arizona State Treasurer. The amount of the Town's investments totaled \$3,277,616.

The Town invests in the Local Government Investment Pool 5 (LGIP) and the long-term investment pools managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Funds invested in investment pool 5 are available to the Town within 24 hours. Funds invested in the long-term investment pool are available to the Town at the 1st of each month. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission under the 1940 Investment Advisors Act. The State Board of Investment has oversight responsibilities of the investment pools in accordance with ARS 35-311. The LGIP Pool 5's policy is to invest in a diversified short-term fund similar to a prime money market fund with securities with a final maturity less than 12 months from the settlement date of the purchase and variable-rate securities with final maturity less than 1 year. The weighted average portfolio maturity is less than 30 days.

The Pool 500 medium-term investment pool's policy is to invest in fixed-rate or variable-rate securities with a final maturity less than 60 months. The investment duration for the LGIP medium-term pool was 1.99 years at June 30, 2013. The net asset value per share of Pool 5 at June 30, 2013 was \$1.00. The floating net asset value per share of the Pool 500 medium-term investment pool at June 30, 2013 was \$1.0288.

A) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. At June 30, 2013, the Town's investments were as follows:

Investment Type		Remaining Maturity (In Months)		
		12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months
State Investment Pool 5	\$ 1,029,110	\$ 1,029,110	\$ -	\$ -
State Investment Pool 500	2,248,506	2,248,506		
	<u>\$ 3,277,616</u>	<u>\$ 3,277,616</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2013

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Town's investments at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Investment Type		Ratings as of Year-End		
		AAA	AA	Not Rated
State Investment Pool 5	\$ 1,029,110	\$ 1,029,110	\$ -	\$ -
State Investment Pool 500	2,248,506	-	-	2,248,506
	<u>\$ 3,277,616</u>	<u>\$ 1,029,110</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,248,506</u>

C) Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Town contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 3 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to litigation, claims and torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town mitigates the potential financial effects of these risks through its participation in the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool (AMRRP), which is a common risk management and insurance program open to all Arizona municipalities. The Town pays an annual premium to AMRRP for its general and automobile insurance coverage. The AMRRP membership agreement provides that AMRRP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$ 500,000 for general liability claims and \$250,000 for property claims. The Town also is a member of the Arizona Municipal Workers' Compensation Pool (AMWCP) for workers' compensation insurance. AMWCP is a public entity workers' compensation pool currently operating for member cities and towns. The Town pays quarterly premiums to AMWCP for its workers' compensation insurance. The agreement provides that AMWCP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$500,000.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2013
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land/rights-of-way	\$ 2,877,731	\$ 65,230	\$ -	\$ 2,942,961
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	3,666,888	542,999	-	4,209,887
Vehicles	67,440	-	-	67,440
Office equipment	10,578	-	-	10,578
	<u>3,744,906</u>	<u>542,999</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,287,905</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(1,742,081)	(272,645)	-	(2,014,726)
Vehicles	(48,240)	(2,400)	-	(50,640)
Office equipment	(10,578)	-	-	(10,578)
	<u>(1,800,899)</u>	<u>(275,045)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,075,944)</u>
Capital assets being depreciated, net	1,944,007	267,954	-	2,211,961
Governmental activities - capital assets net of depreciation	<u>\$ 4,821,738</u>	<u>\$ 267,954</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,154,922</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to the public works function in the governmental activities.

NOTE 5 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The Town provides pension benefits for all of its employees through a defined contribution plan. The plan is a 401A Money Purchase Plan administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation. Each participant has an individual account with ICMA into which all contributions flow. The participants are offered various investment options through the plan and are allowed to invest moneys in their account, at their own discretion, among the options. The Town may amend, modify, or terminate the Plan, upon approval of such amendment, modification or termination provided that no amendment or modification shall reduce the account balances of any participant accrued on the date of the change.

Employees covered by the plan are eligible to participate from the date of employment. The Town provides a defined contribution, an amount that the Town promises to pay into the system; however, Town employees have no guarantee that the 401A account will produce a defined benefit at the time of retirement. Employees will have an opportunity to contribute as little as 3 percent, and receiving a two-to-one match of 6 percent from the Town, up to as much as 6 percent and receiving a two-to-one match of 12 percent from the Town. The Town's contributions for each employee are fully vested after two years.

TOWN OF DEWEY-HUMBOLDT, ARIZONA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2013

NOTE 5 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2013 totaled \$59,328, which consisted of \$19,776 contributed by employees and \$39,552 contributed by the Town.

The Town also has a 457 Retirement Plan through the ICMA Retirement Corporation. This plan is eligible to full time employees who may contribute no less than 3% and no more than 6% of income in order to receive a Town two-to-one match of at least 6% and no more than 12%. Part time employees may contribute 2.5% of income in order to receive a Town two-to-one match of 5%. Participation in this plan without a Town match is optional to full time employees.

Contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2013 totaled \$4,995, which consisted of \$2,943 contributed by employees and \$2,052 contributed by the Town.

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

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HENRY & HORNE, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT
AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Town of Dewey-Humboldt
Humboldt, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona, (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Dewey-Humboldt's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Fax (520) 426-9432

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Dewey-Humboldt, Arizona's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Henry & Horne LLP

Casa Grande, Arizona
October 11, 2013